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**Risk Assessment**

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| **Establishment operation from 1 September 2021: response to Coronavirus** **(COVID-19). Issue 6.0 v1** (Further detail is captured in the Background and Context description below) |

**Section 1:**

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| **Broomhill Infant School** | **Date of Assessment:****2nd September 2021** | **Review date:****As required** |
| **Assessed by:**Please note all those involved should sign up to this assessment. Print below:**NAME: DATE:**1. **Hayley Farthing 2nd September 2021**
2. **Kevin Hawkins**
3. **Deb Holland**
4. **Paul Peterson**
 | **Staff signatures:****See individual sheet for each member of staff****We have read and understood this RA and our role in its implementation.** |

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**Part A: Background and Context**

**This risk assessment has been developed with reference to:**

* settings Covid-19 operational guidance (July 2021) settings COVID-19 operational guidance (publishing.service.gov.uk).
* Actions for early years and childcare providers during the COVID-19 pandemic (July 2021) Early years and childcare: coronavirus (COVID-19) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
* SEND and specialist settings: additional COVID-19 operational guidance (6 July 2021) SEND and specialist settings - additional operational guidance: COVID-19 (publishing.service.gov.uk)

**Rationale for guidance for settings from September 2021.**

Government guidance has been developed on the premise that disruption to children and young people’s education must be minimised. The Evidence summary: COVID-19 - children, young people and education settings - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) sets out the evidence relevant to, and in support of, the government’s decision to revise the guidance on the COVID-19 safe working and protective measures that have been used within settings, colleges and early years settings in England during the pandemic.

In making this decision, the government has balanced education and public health considerations – weighing the impact of these measures on teaching, educational attainment, the health and wellbeing of children, pupils, students and staff and the functioning of settings, colleges and early years settings, against the COVID-19 risks in a context that has now fundamentally changed due to the success of the vaccination programme.

**Contingency Planning**

Government guidance requires settings to have an Outbreak Management Plan (sometimes called contingency plan) outlining how they would operate if any of the following circumstances applied to their setting or area.

* a COVID-19 outbreak within a setting
* if there is extremely high prevalence of COVID-19 in the community and other measures have failed to reduce transmission
* as part of a package of measures responding to a Variant of Concern (VoC)

This includes how we would ensure every child, pupil or student receives the quantity and quality of education and care to which they are normally entitled.

If necessary, we will reinstate relevant control measures from our 2020-21 risk assessment to address the areas set out in Contingency framework: education and childcare settings - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

**Control Measures**

This risk assessment addresses the essential control measures set out in the government guidance referred to above. They are as follows:

***settings should***

***1. Ensure good hygiene for everyone.***

***2. Maintain appropriate cleaning regimes.***

***3. Keep occupied spaces well ventilated.***

***4. Follow public health advice on testing, self-isolation and managing confirmed cases of COVID-19.***

We have adapted this risk assessment in consultation with relevant partners including trade union representatives where available. This risk assessment will be made publicly available to those who wish to see it.

**Part B:**

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| What is the **Task/Activity** or **Environment** you are assessing? | What **Hazards** are present or may be generated?(Use a row for each one identified) | **Who** is affected or exposed to hazards? | What **Severity of Harm** can reasonably be expected?(See Table 1) | What **Precautions (Existing Controls)** are already in place to either eliminate or reduce the risk of an accident happening? | What **Likelihood** is there of an accident occurring?(See Table 1) | What is the **Risk Rating**?(See Table 2 and 3) |
| **1: ENSURE GOOD HYGIENE FOR EVERYONE** |
| Hand hygiene | Poor hand hygiene increases the likelihood of infection from coronavirus | Pupils and staff | Serious | Opportunities are provided for staff and pupils to clean their hands with soap and water and dry thoroughly:* on arrival at setting
* after using the toilet
* after breaks and sporting activities
* before food preparation
* before eating any food, including snacks
* before leaving setting
* after sneezing/coughing.

Covered bins available for disposal of paper towels will be emptied periodically during the day.Signage about how to wash hands properly, is on display and reinforced with pupils.Where sinks are not easily accessible hand sanitiser will be available. Supervision by staff is provided as needed. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Respiratory Hygiene  | Poor respiratory hygiene increases the likelihood of infection from exposure to coronavirus. | Pupils and staff | Serious | Catch it, kill it, Bin it – tissues are available in all classrooms, staffroom and reception at a minimum. The message is reinforced with pupils.Covered bins are available for the disposal of used tissues. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **2. MAINTAIN APPROPRIATE CLEANING REGIMES** |
| Cleaning | Person contracts COVIS 19 as a result of inadequate cleaning | Pupils and staff | Serious | **WE HAVE REVIEWED THE CLEANING ARRANGEMENTS SET OUT BELOW TO ENSURE THAT ALL HIGH-RISK AREAS ARE COVERED IN OUR SCHEDULE (August 2021).**For settings with contract cleaning: We have reviewed the cleaning specification with our cleaning contractor to ensure that this meets requirements set out in https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settingsWe have identified cleaning of high-risk areas to be undertaken throughout the setting day to include:* Door handles
* Kettles
* Taps
* Switches
* Phones
* Laptops /
* Printers and photocopiers
* Staffroom/ food preparation
* Surfaces that pupils are touching e.g.: toys, books, chairs, tables, doors, sinks, toilets, bannisters, light switches, etc.

As a minimum, frequently touched surfaces will be wiped down twice a day, and one of these should be at the beginning or the end of the working day. Cleaning will be more frequent depending on the number of people using the space, whether they are entering and exiting the setting and access to handwashing and hand-sanitising facilities. Cleaning of frequently touched surfaces is particularly important in bathrooms and communal kitchens.Each classroom has appropriate cleaning materials and products for use across the day if needed.The staff will provide an additional clean of the toilets after break time and after lunch time. They will also provide an additional clean to the staffroom after lunch time. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Safe use of cleaning products | Inappropriate exposure to cleaning product results in allergic reaction/ poisoning etcStorage arrangements of cleaning product change increasing potential for unauthorised ‘use’ by pupils. | Pupils and staff | Serious | All staff involved in cleaning duties will receive advice re: safe use and storage of cleaning materials.PPE will be provided for all cleaning activities.Safety data sheets for cleaning products are available.Only recommended cleaning products will be used. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Use of hand sanitiser: potential for improper use and ingestion. | Pupils and staff | Serious | We are providing/allowing the use of hand sanitisers that contain at least 60% alcohol.Staff supervision provided as requiredWe have obtained the Safety Data Sheet for the product(s). They advise on action to be followed if the sanitiser is not used as designed i.e., a child drinks some; it gets in eyes etc.This will also help with potential reactions to the product.We have and will secure adequate supplies of the product and provide it, especially in areas such as reception to the building(s). | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **3. KEEP OCCUPIED SPACES WELL VENTILATED** |

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| Ventilation (Open windows and doors are recommended as a means of improving air circulation within the building) | Falls from height (open windows) | All premises occupants | Serious | Whilst taking into consideration the necessity to increase ventilation by improving air circulation within the building we have advised staff that window opening restrictors must not be removed. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Additional doors and windows are left open compromising site security/fire safety. | All premises occupants | Serious | We have reviewed our site and identified doors that could remain open without compromising fire safety/ and or security. Here, for high-risk areas such as kitchens and boiler rooms fire doors will be kept in the closed position. Lower risk rooms such as classrooms and offices may be propped open with removeable things - a weight or wedge - if there are people present who will be tasked with removing it if the alarm goes off and at the end of the day.Door guards etc, will continue to be used to improve circulation in the building (and also reduce the need for touching the door handles). | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Inadequate ventilation contributes towards the spread of coronavirus. Open windows in the winter months mean that the temperature in buildings is uncomfortable.  | All premises occupants | Serious | We will ensure that our building is heated to a temperature whereby staff and pupils can work comfortably whilst endeavouring to ensure that there are measures in place to ensure good ventilation. This will be achieved by a variety of measures including:* natural ventilation – opening windows (in cooler weather windows will be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation, and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space). Opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air
* natural ventilation – if necessary external opening doors may also be used (as long as they are not fire doors and where safe to do so)

We note the following advice from HSE:https://www.hse.gov.uk/temperature/thermal/managers.htmhttps://www.cibse.org/coronavirus-covid-19/coronavirus,-sars-cov-2,-covid-19-and-hvac-systemsNB: Minimum workplace temperature is 16 degrees centigrade.To balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature, the following measures will also be used as appropriate:* opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts
* increasing the ventilation while spaces are unoccupied (e.g., between classes, during break and lunch, when a room is unused)
* providing flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing. Including advising staff and pupils re: the value of layering clothing.
* rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct drafts
 | **Low** | **Low risk** |

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| **4. FOLLOW PUBLIC HEALTH ADVICE ON TESTING, SELF ISOLATION AND MANAGING CONFIRMED CASES OF COVID-19** |
| Engagement with the NHS Test and Trace Process.Access to testing | Failure to follow PHE/ NHS Test and Trace procedures increases the likelihood of exposure to coronavirus in the setting community. | Pupils and staff | Serious | Relevant staff understand the NHS Test and Trace process and how to contact their local Public Health England health protection team. Where necessary we will direct members of the setting community with symptoms of coronavirus to Get a free PCR test to check if you have coronavirus (COVID-19) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)Home test kits are available in our setting and will be offered in the exceptional circumstance that we believe an individual may have barriers to accessing testing elsewhere. We note that it is for settings to determine how to prioritise the distribution of their test kits in order to minimise the impact of the virus on the education of their pupils, and will therefore provide these to staff or pupils on the basis of an agreed set of criteria to be determined by the setting.https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-home-test-kits-for-settings-and-fe-providers/coronavirus-covid-19-home-test-kits-for-settings-and-fe-providersWe will ask parents and staff to inform us immediately of the results of a test. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Contact with infected persons/ exposure to the virus within the setting. | Person contracts coronavirus as a result of direct contact with an infected person (or a symptomatic person) entering the premises. | Pupils and staff | Serious | Guidance has been issued to the entire setting community. If anyone in the setting becomes unwell with a new and persistent cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be stay at home and are advised to follow guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)From 16 August 2021 Individuals are not required to self-isolate if they live in the same household as someone with COVID-19, or are a close contact of someone with COVID-19, and any of the following apply:* they are fully vaccinated
* they are below the age of 18 years and 6 months
* they have taken part in or are currently part of an approved COVID-19 vaccine trial
* they are not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons

Instead, they will be contacted by NHS Test and Trace, informed they have been in close contact with a positive case and advised to take a PCR test. We will encourage all individuals to take a PCR test if advised to do so.Staff who do not need to isolate, and children and young people aged under 18 years 6 months who usually attend school, and have been identified as a close contact, should continue to attend school as normal. They do not need to wear a face covering within the school, but it is expected and recommended that these are worn when travelling on public or dedicated transport. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
|  | Contact with those developing symptoms of the virus during the working day. | Pupils and staff | Serious | If anyone in our setting develops COVID-19 symptoms, however mild, they will be sent home and advised to get a PCR test and follow public health advice. When to self-isolate and what to do - Coronavirus (COVID-19) - NHS (www.nhs.uk)Most recent guidance re: What to do if a pupil is displaying signs of coronavirus has been shared with relevant staff and is on display. Symptomatic children action list FE (publishing.service.gov.uk) If a child is awaiting collection, they will be moved, via a route involving the shortest possible internal distance (i.e., including an outside route where possible) if possible, to the Men’s bathroom, where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the child and with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window will be opened for ventilation. If it is not possible to isolate them, we will move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people. The bathroom will be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else.PPE will be worn by staff caring for the child while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young child or a child with complex needs).In an emergency we will call 999 if they are seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk. We will not suggest a visit to the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital.Staff are instructed to wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds after any contact with someone who is unwell. We will clean the affected area with normal household disinfectant after someone with symptoms has left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people. See https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings    | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Lateral Flow Testing (Asymptomatic testing) | Non participation in Lateral Flow Testing means that asymptomatic cases are undetected within the setting community. | Pupils and staff | Serious | The opportunity for all adults in England to participate in lateral flow testing has been publicised amongst the setting community.Regular rapid coronavirus (COVID-19) tests if you do not have symptoms - NHS (www.nhs.uk)Our setting workforce (including regular contractors and visitors) has the opportunity and been provided with sufficient testing kits to participate in lateral flow testing twice a week at home.  | **Low** | **Low risk** |
|  | Lateral Flow Testing process is not implemented correctly leading to inaccurate results and/or inadequate follow up of positive test results | Pupils and staff | Serious | All instructions on how to correctly take the LFT have been issued to all staff who are participating in the testing.**Confirmatory PCR tests**Staff or pupils with a positive LFD test result must self-isolate in line with the stay-at-home guidance. They will also need to arrange a lab-based polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to confirm the result. If the PCR test is taken within 2 days of the positive lateral flow test, and is negative, it overrides the self-test LFD test and the member of staff or pupil can return to setting.  | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Management of confirmed cases of coronavirus | Failure to follow PHE/ NHS Track and Trace procedures increases the likelihood of exposure to coronavirus in the setting community.Anxiety and dissent within the setting community | Pupils and staff | Serious | We note that close contacts of those testing positive with coronavirus will be identified via NHS Test and Trace. We note that we may be contacted in exceptional cases to identify close contacts.Records will be kept of all visitors with sufficient detail to support rapid contact tracing if required by NHS Test & Trace.We note the thresholds, detailed below, can be used by settings as an indication for when to seek public health advice if they are concerned. For most education and childcare settings, whichever of these thresholds is reached first: • 5 children, pupils, students or staff, who are likely to have mixed closely across class, intervention or assemblies, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period; or • 10% of children, pupils, students or staff who are likely to have mixed closely in a class test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period.We will seek public health advice if a pupil or staff member is admitted to hospital with COVID-19. Hospitalisation could indicate increased severity of illness or a new variant of concern.Alternatively, we will call the Department for Education’s existing coronavirus (COVID-19) helpline number on 0800 046 8687, and select option 1For all cases relating to staff, see the guidance for workplaces: NHS Test and Trace in the workplace Employers should call the Self-Isolation Service Hub on:020 3743 6715 as soon as they are made aware that any of their workers have tested positive. If cases amongst staff mean a setting meets the threshold, described above, employers will need to provide the 8-digit NHS Test and Trace Account ID (sometimes referred to as a CTAS number) of the person who tested positive, alongside the names of co-workers identified as close contacts. This will ensure that all workplace contacts are registered with NHS Test and Trace and can receive the necessary public health advice, including the support available to help people to self-isolate.Where applicable we will advise temporary staff of their entitlement to Test and Trace Support Payments, noting that this support is only for the temporary staff who settings decide not to engage in home working and who are not being paid during self-isolation. To be eligible for a Test and Trace Support Payment, the individual must be living in England, meet the eligibility criteria and be formally advised to self-isolate by NHS Test and Trace, who will provide the individual with an NHS Test and Trace Account ID.We will also extend this advice to parents/ carers of children who have been asked to self-isolate as they may be applicable for this payment in some cases.Claiming financial support under the Test and Trace Support Payment scheme - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| NHS COVID-19 App | Inadequate response to alerts provided by use of NHS COVID-19 AppThis guidance has been withdrawn. However, the App still remains in use so content has been retained in this risk assessment. | Pupils and staff | Serious | We have informed all staff, to inform a member of staff if they receive a notification during the day that they had been in contact with a positive case. To support this, the notification itself will advise them that if they are under the age of 18, they should show the message to a trusted adult and obtain a PCR test. The staff member will then put in place the setting’s agreed process, including making appropriate arrangements for the member of staff/student to leave the setting at the earliest opportunity to begin self-isolation (if unvaccinated staff member) or recommend that a PCR test is obtained at the earliest opportunity.Where staff are required to keep their phones in lockers or pigeon hole, etc during the working day we have advised them to turn the tracking off whilst they are not in close proximity to their phone.Providers are no longer required to collect participants’ contact details or keep records of your staff and visitors.However, as advised we will display an NHS QR code for participants wishing to check in using the app, to support NHS Test and Trace. Staff and visitors will not to be asked to check in, or turned away if they refuse.We have a system to collect (and securely store) names and contact details for those who ask to check in but do not have the app. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Containing any local outbreak | Disruption to pupils’ education | Pupils and staff | Serious | We notehttps://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/923539/Remote\_Education\_Temporary\_Continuity\_Direction\_-\_\_Explanatory\_Note.pdf which makes it clear that settings have a duty to provide remote education for state-funded, setting-age children unable to attend our setting due to coronavirus (COVID-19). This came into effect from 22 October 2020. We have developed robust procedures to ensure that the education of affected groups of pupils is maintained. This will include the provision of remote learning as set out in government guidance for the reopening of settings. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Parents/carers of a child with symptoms of coronavirus refuse to keep them at home. | Pupils and staff | Serious | If a parent or carer of a pupil with coronavirus or with a suspected case of coronavirus insists on their child attending your setting, we will take the decision to refuse the pupil if, in your reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with COVID-19. Our decision will be carefully considered in light of all the circumstances and current public health advice. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **5. USE OF FACE COVERINGS** |
|  | Failure to use face covering in areas where it is difficult to maintain social distancing increases the likelihood of exposure to coronavirus in the setting community. | Pupils and staff | Serious | Government guidance from 19 July 2021 is as follows: ***Government expects and recommends that people wear face coverings in crowded areas such as public transport”.*** Moving to step 4 of the roadmap - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **6. USE OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)** (A face covering is not PPE because they are not designed to protect the wearer from infection from coronavirus). |
| Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)(Mainstream) | Incorrect use exacerbates the risk of further infection. | Pupils and staff | Serious | “The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work, even if they are not always able to maintain a distance of 2 metres from others. PPE is only needed in a very small number of cases including:* children, young people and students whose care routinely already involves the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs should continue to receive their care in the same way
* if a child, young person or other learner becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home. A fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If contact with the child or young person is necessary, then disposable gloves, a disposable apron and a fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn”

We are complying with the above and are using our local supply chains to obtain PPE.We will ensure that, staff who are likely to have to support pupils in the circumstances identified above and potentially in the administration of some first aid have access to appropriate equipment and training in its correct use and disposal.See:https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/911313/PHE\_quick\_guide\_to\_donning\_doffing\_PPE\_standard\_health\_and\_social\_care\_settings.pdf | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) in Special settings: Our SRB opens in November 2021 | Incorrect use exacerbates the risk of further infection. | Pupils and staff | Serious | Increased likelihood that staff will be exposed to bodily fluids in the course of their work will mean that the use of PPE will be risk assessed and relevant equipment provided where applicable. The following link is used as our guidance at present: SEND and specialist settings - additional operational guidance: COVID-19 (publishing.service.gov.uk) | **Medium** | **Medium risk** |
| **7: SETTING WORKFORCE** |
| Staff wellbeing | Staff anxiety re: potential exposure to the virus. | All staff | Serious | Where necessary individual discussions are held with staff to identify concerns. (NB: recognising that some could be experiencing bereavement, mental health issues, etc.).We have signposted to relevant counselling services. Including the Education Support Partnership which provides a free helpline for setting staff and targeted support for mental health and wellbeing.HR advice is available if required.We are working with the trade unions. https://www.hse.gov.uk/news/assets/docs/talking-with-your-workers.pdf | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Staff training (including induction for supply teachers and other visiting staff). | Staff are not aware or do not understand the requirements for working safely.  | All staff | Serious | In preparation for a full return on 1 September 2021 training and written instruction were provided re: operating procedures outlined in this risk assessment to all staff. This includes:* What to do if they suspect that they or a member of their household has coronavirus (including testing arrangements)
* Day to day organisations and procedures including arrangements for cleaning,
* Procedures to follow if they suspect that a child in their group is displaying coronavirus symptoms
* Site security and fire safety including evacuation and lockdown procedures.
* Use of PPE (where applicable).
 | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Individual staff requirements | Concerns from staff in identified work groups | Clinically extremely vulnerable | Fatal/ Major | We have taken note of government guidance issued on 11/08/21, namely: Guidance on protecting people who are clinically extremely vulnerable from COVID-19 - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)We will continue to discuss with CEV employees how they can be supported to carry out their duties in the workplace. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
|  | Concerns from staff in identified work groups | Pregnant women | Serious | We will follow the specific guidance for pregnant employees because pregnant women are considered CV. In some cases, pregnant women may also have other health conditions that mean they are considered CEV, where the advice for clinically extremely vulnerable staff will apply. We will follow the same principles for pregnant pupils, in line with our wider health and safety obligations.NB Further guidance and advice on coronavirus (COVID-19) and pregnancy from the Royal College of Gynaecologists.  | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Use of volunteers | Potential for the introduction of coronavirus into the setting | Pupils & Staff | Serious | Volunteers may be used to support the work of the setting, as would usually be the case. All volunteers will be expected to follow our control measures to reduce the spread of coronavirus.  | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **8: PUPIL WELLBEING** |
| Management of expectations within the setting community | Anxiety within the setting’s community re: prevalence and effectiveness of infection control measures. | All members of the setting community | Serious | Our communication with parents and pupils prior to our return in September 2021 will include information about the control measures within this risk assessment.Government guidance for parents is available at: What parents and carers need to know about early years providers, settings and colleges - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Individual pupil medical requirements  | Increased likelihood of serious illness resulting from exposure to coronavirus. | Extremely clinically vulnerable pupils (shielded) | Fatal/Major |  All CEV pupils should attend their setting unless they are one of the very small number of pupils under paediatric or other specialist care and have been advised by their GP or clinician not to attend. Where a pupil is unable to attend our setting because they are complying with clinical or public health advice, we will immediately offer them access to remote education. settings should keep a record of, and monitor engagement with this activity but this does not need to be formally recorded in the attendance register.Where children are not able to attend our setting as parents are following clinical and/or public health advice, absence will not be penalised. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **9: PROVISION OF FIRST AID AND ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION**  |
| Provision of first aid | Inadequate first aid treatment exacerbates injury or pre-existing conditions. | Pupils and staff | Serious | We will revert to our substantive risk assessment and policy which includes control measures to ensure that suitably qualified staff are available at all times.We will ensure at least one member of staff with a full PFA certificate is on site at all times when children are present. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Administration of medication | Illness or injury to those who are unable to access their medication | Pupils and staff | Fatal/ major | Setting procedures for the administration of prescription and controlled medication will continue to apply. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **10: LETTINGS** |
| Lettings | Setting control measures re: cleaning etc are compromised leading to increased risk of infection, expense and possible reputational damage. | PupilsStaffWider community | Serious | We will ensure that all users of our premises adhere to the control measures set out in this risk assessment. This will include ensuring that effective cleaning is maintained and additional ventilation measures do not compromise site security.Where opening up setting leisure facilities for external use, we will do so in line with government guidance on working safely during coronavirus (COVID-19) for providers of grassroots sport and gym or leisure facilities.  | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **11: EDUCATIONAL VISITS** |
| Educational visits | Exposure to infection from inadequate social distancing etc | Pupils and staff | Serious | We will undertake full and thorough risk assessments in relation to all educational visits to ensure they can be undertaken safely. As part of this risk assessment, we will consider what control measures need to be used to reduce the risk of exposure to coronavirus and follow wider advice on visiting indoor and outdoor venues. OEAP National Guidance will be followed (see Contents | (oeapng.info) ) | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **12: SETTING RECEPTION AREAS** |
| Setting Reception areas | Exposure to infection from inadequate social distancing: visitors to setting. | Pupils and staff | Serious | Signage has been erected to advise visitors of hygiene protocols.Staff signing in arrangements - sanitiser available to clean hands after use.Hand sanitiser will be provided to all persons entering premises with signage to explain control measures etc. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| Violence and aggression towards setting staff causes injury and distress  | Pupils and staff | Serious | We will maintain transparency and regular contact with all members of the setting community. Regular briefings/updates for all staff so that they are aware of setting response to the COVID 19 virus and can communicate consistently to those who ask.Readiness to deploy the range of behaviour remedies if behaviour becomes unacceptable from warning to full banning from site/sect 547 warnings/action. | **Low** | **Low risk** |
| **13: AFTERWARDS AND BREAKFAST CLUBS** |
| Afterschool and Breakfast Clubs | Arrangements for infection control, social distancing etc are not practised at Breakfast and Afterschool Club thus increasing the risk of infection within the setting community.  | All members of the setting community | Serious | Updated guidance for operating may be found as follows**:****Protective measures for holiday or after-setting clubs and other out-of-setting settings for children during the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)**Where setting is the provider (breakfast club):Control measures re: hygiene, cleaning, ventilation etc. set out above will be followed.  | **Low** | **Low risk** |

**Action Plan**

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| What is the **Hazard** you need to Control? (Medium to high from the risk rating above) | What **additional precautions** do you need to either eliminate or reduce the risk to an acceptable level? | Who is **responsible** for implementing these controls? | **When** are these controls to be implemented (Date)? | When **were** these controls implemented (Date)? |
| Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) in Special settings: Our SRB opens in November 2021 | All children will have individual Behaviour Support Plans in place which identify de-escalation strategies.Staff will be issued with face visors to wear if needed. | HT and DHs | In T1 before the children start at the SRB. |  |

**Table 1: Definitions**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Potential Severity of Harm** | Meaning of the harm description | **Likelihood/Probability of Harm** | Meaning of likelihood/probability |
| **Fatal/Major Injury** | Death, major injuries or ill health causing long term disability/absence from work. | **High (Likely/probable)** | Occurs repeatedly/ to be expected. |
| **Serious Injury** | Injuries or ill health causing short-term disability/absences from work (over three days absence) | **Medium (possible)** | Moderate chance/could occur sometimes. |
| **Minor Injury** | Injuries or ill health causing no significant long-term effects and no significant absence from work. | **Low (unlikely)** | Not Likely to occur |

**Table 2: Risk rating matrix: Potential severity of harm + Likelihood/ probability of Harm = Risk rating**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **High (Likely/Probable)** | **Medium (Possible)** | **Low (Unlikely)** |
| **Fatal/Major Injury** | **VERY HIGH** | **HIGH** | **MEDIUM** |
| **Serious Injury** | **HIGH** | **MEDIUM** | **LOW** |
| **Minor Injury** | **MEDIUM** | **LOW** | **LOW** |

**Table 3: Action required: Key to ranking and what action to take**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **VERY HIGH** Risk | STOP ACTIVITY! Take action to reassess the work/activity and apply reduction hierarchy before proceeding. |
| **HIGH** Risk | Action MUST be taken as soon as possible to reduce the risks and before activity is allowed to continue. |
| **MEDIUM** Risk | Implement all additional precautions that are not unreasonably costly or troublesome within an agreed timeframe. Reduce risk to a tolerable level. |
| **LOW** Risk | Monitor and review your rolling programme. |